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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/550,365	06/14/2006	Hilde Hardtdegen	23390	7978
535 7590 12/10/2008 K.F. ROSS P.C.			EXAMINER	
5683 RIVERDALE AVENUE			SMITH, FRANCIS P	
SUITE 203 BOX 900 BRONX, NY 10471-0900			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1792	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/550,365 HARDTDEGEN ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Francis P. Smith 1792 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 June 2006. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 15.16 and 18 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 15,16 and 18 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to claim15, 16, and 18 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection necessitated by Applicants' amendments at outlined below.

Corrections to the specification and drawings are acknowledged. Claims 1-14 and 17 are cancelled. Claims 15 and 16 are currently amended and claim 18 is newly presented. Claims 15, 16, and 18 are currently pending and examined on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148
 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 15 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shibata et al. (EP 1207215 A2) in view of Doering et al. (US 2002/0108714 A1).

Shibata teaches a method and apparatus for fabricating a III-V nitride film by generating a MOCVD reaction between a III raw material gas and a V raw material gas. Specifically, Shibata teaches an MOCVD reactor/chamber for gas phase deposition with at least two gas inlets 15-17 whereby the reaction gasses are introduced via separate guiding tubes 18 and 19 (e.g. connectable to respective gas supplies) (fig. 2, [0024]). Shibata discloses use of guiding tubes 18 and 19, which is analogous to subdividing the chamber into at least two compartments (see fig. 2; col. 5, lines 19-22). Shibata, however, does not expressly state a means for flexibly switching the inlets and thus flexibly introducing gases in to the apparatus.

Doering teaches a processing chamber for atomic layer deposition processes whereby a quick-connect flange is used to connect the gas and precursor sources to the reactor unit. The use of quick connects is meant to facilitate removal and service of the

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reactor units [0107]-[0108]. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize Doering's quick connects in Shibata's method in order to quickly remove all gas and vapor lines to and from the reactor.

5. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shibata et al. (EP 1207215 A2) in view of Doering et al. (US 2002/0108714 A1) as applied to claim 15 above, and further in view of Yoshioka et al. (US 2002/0043215 A1).

Shibata/Doering teach gas inlets 15-17 for introducing raw material/carrier gases (Shibata: col.5, lines 11-13). Shibata/Doering do not expressly teach the use of at least two three-way valves.

Yoshioka teaches a liquid substance supply device featuring three port two valves and four port three valves provided for directional control in a transfer line of a MOCVD process (see abstract; [0078]-[0079]). Specifically, Yoshioka teaches the use of two three-way valves for the advantage of attaching/detaching supply containers with ease (see fig.2, [0090]-[0092]). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include at least two three-way valves in the method of Shibata/Doering as taught by Yoshioka in order to easily attach/detach/replace reactant supply sources with the reasonable expectation of success.

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Conclusion

 Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Francis P. Smith whose telephone number is (571) 270-3717. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday 7:00 AM-5:00 PM

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mikhail Kornakov can be reached on (571) 272-1303. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/F. P. S./ Examiner, Art Unit 1792 /Michael Kornakov/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1792